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NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1 PREPARATORY EXAMINATION SEPTEMBER 2021

MARKS: 150

TIME: 3 hours

This question paper consists of 12 pages and an Addendum with 4 annexures.

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INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

- 1. This question paper consists of FIVE questions. Answer ALL the questions.
- 2. Use the ANNEXURES in the ADDENDUM to answer the following questions:
 - ANNEXURE A for QUESTION 1.2.1 1.2.4
 - ANNEXURE B for QUESTION 2.1.1 2.1.5
 - ANNEXURE C for QUESTION 2.2.1, 2.2.3 2.2.5
 - ANNEXURE D for QUESTION 4.2.1 and 4.2.2
- 3. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
- 4. Start EACH question on a NEW page.
- 5. You may use an approved calculator (non-programmable and non-graphical), unless stated otherwise.
- 6. Show ALL calculations clearly.
- 7. Round off ALL final answers appropriately according to the given context, unless stated otherwise.
- 8. Indicate units of measurement, where applicable.
- 9. Maps and diagrams are NOT necessarily drawn to scale, unless stated otherwise.
- 10. Write neatly and legibly.

QUESTION 1

1.1 The data shown in TABLE 1 below shows the data that was collected to investigate whether the pandemic (Covid 19) had an impact on the 2020 matric results of government schools. 2019 and 2020 columns show provincial pass rates.

TABLE 1: COVID 19 EFFECT ON MATRIC PASS RATE

	Numbe	r of:	Provincia	l Pass rate]	
Province	Infections	Deaths	2019	2020	Difference	Impact
Free State	79 049	< 3 039	88,4	85,1	-3,2	Significant
Gauteng	400 636	√9 392	87,2	83,8	-3,5	Significant
North West	59 948	1 057	86,8	76,2	-10,6	Enormous
Western	273 433	10 984	82,2	79,9	-2,4	Slight
Cape		2				
KwaZulu	326 031	9 400	81,3	77,6	-3,7	Significant
Natal		Δ,				
Mpumalanga	69 613	√1 213	80,3	73,7	-6,6	Great
Northern	33 337	650	76,5	66,0	-10,5	Enormous
Cape						
Eastern Cape	193 549	11 189	76,5	68,1	-8,3	Great
Limpopo	61 170	- 1 784	73,0	68,2	-5.0	Significant

Source: [www.dailymaverick.co.za]

Use the information in TABLE 1 above to answer the questions that follow.

- 1.1.1 What type of statistical graph can be used to compare the pass rates for 2019 and 2020? (2) 1.1.2 Write down the modal pass rate for the 2019 data. (2) 1.1.3 Name TWO provinces that had the greatest drop in the pass rate from 2019 to 2020. (2) 1.1.4 Arrange the number of deaths in descending order. (2)1.1.5 Is there any relationship between the number of deaths and the provincial pass rates for (2)2020?
- 1.2 Mr Eddie Scott's telephone bill is given in ANNEXURE A.

Use the Annexure to answer the questions that follow.

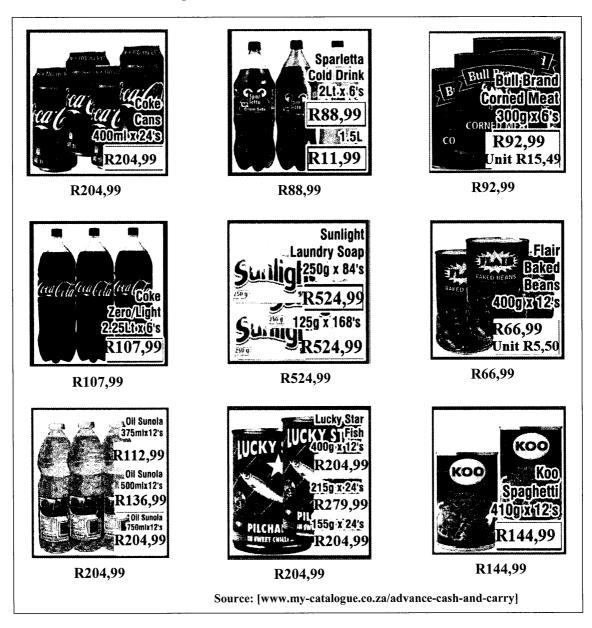
- 1.2.1 What is Eddie Scott's Telkom account number? (2)
- 1.2.2 When is the payment due? (2)
- 1.2.3 What does VAT stand for? (2)

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What is the total VAT on this bill? 1.2.4

(2)

1.3 Xolani operates a Spaza Shop and orders his stock, in cartons, from Cash-and-Carry wholesalers. Given below is an extract from a Cash-and-Carry wholesale catalogue and all prices include 15% VAT. The price of each carton is written below each item.



- Explain the meaning of the word "selling price" in the context of Xolani's shop. 1.3.1
- What is the cost price for a 1,5 litre bottle of Sparletta cold drink? 1.3.2 (2)
- (3) 1.3.3 Which items cost the same amount per carton?

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(2)

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1.3.4 Calculate the number of tins of Corned Meat in a carton if the unit price is R15,49. (2)

1.3.5 Calculate the total cost price of the 9 cartons above. (3)

[30]

(3)

QUESTION 2

2.1 Mr. D Ntuli has an account at Fashion Express which is part of TFG group. At Fashion Express a customer can have both a 6-month or a 12-month revolving credit repayment option.

ANNEXURE B shows Mr. Ntuli's statement for the period 14 January 2021 to 12 February 2021.

Use the information in ANNEXURE B to answer the following questions.

- 2.1.1 What was the opening balance for the 6-month revolving payment option? (2)
- 2.1.2 By the time the statement was released:
 - (a) Write down how much Mr. Ntuli could spend on his account? (2)
 - (b) Calculate the percentage decrease from the credit allocation of R8 481 to the amount that he can spend.
- 2.1.3 Show how the closing balance of R1 321,07 for the 12-month revolving credit was determined. (3)
- 2.1.4 How much interest was charged on 12 February 2021? (2)
- 2.2 Mr Naidoo, aged 46, earns a basic salary of R32 800 per month and receives a monthly car allowance of R7 100. On his birthday (January 2021) he got a bonus equivalent to his basic salary.

The following deductions indicated on from his January 2021 payslip.



UIF (R148,72).
Pension Fund (7,5% of his basic salary).
Income Tax.

Medical Aid covering 5 members, Mr Naidoo included.

N.B: The tax on his bonus is deducted in the month that he receives the bonus. ANNEXURE C shows the 2021 Income Tax tables used to determine the taxpayer's tax liability.

Use ANNEXURE C and the information above to answer the following questions.

2.2.1 Write down the type and the amount of rebate Mr. Naidoo is entitled to. (2)

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Mathematical Literacy/P1

- Calculate Mr. Naidoo's monthly pension fund deduction. 2.2.2
- Calculate Mr. Naidoo's taxable income for January 2021. 2.2.3 You may use the formula:

January taxable income = January Gross Income - Pension Fund Deduction (3)

Calculate his annual medical tax credits (MTC). 2.2.4

(2)

(3)

(7)

- Use the income tax tables in ANNEXURE C to calculate Mr. Naidoo's monthly tax 2.2.5 excluding bonus.
- Calculate the tax deducted from Naidoo's January 2021 salary if tax on his bonus was 2.2.6 R11 808.

You may use the formula:

January Tax = Monthly tax excluding bonus + bonus tax.

(2)

Mrs. Reddy lives in a 5 roomed house in Durban excluding the bathroom and a toilet. The house 2.3 uses 1 lightbulb for each of the 5 rooms, 1 lightbulb for the bathroom and 1 lightbulb for the toilet. TABLE 2

below shows the typical cost of using some appliances.

TABLE 2 – TYPICAL COSTS OF USING SOME APPLIANCES

ITEM	Electrical Rating In Watts	Hours Used Per Day	Days Used Per Month	kWh Used Per Month	Monthly Cost at 209,40 Cents/kWh (VAT Incl.)
Cellphone Charger	28	5	7	0,98	R 2,05
Lighting: Single 100W	100	5	30	15,00	R 31,41
Geyser	2 000	5	30	300,00	R628,20
4 Plate Stove					
Stove: Back Large Plate	1 500	1,5	30	67,50	R141,35
Stove: Back Small Plate	1 000	1	25	25,00	R 52,35
Stove: Front Large Plate	1 500	2	30	90,00	R188,46
Stove: Front Small Plate	1 000	11	15	15,00	R 31,41

Source: [www.durban.gov.za]

Use TABLE 2 above to answer the questions that follow.

Calculate the total monthly cost for lighting Mrs. Reddy's house. 2.3.1

The total cost for Mrs. Reddy for all the appliances excluding 7 lightbulbs, stove and 3 2.3.2 cellphones is R1 126,77.

She has been told that the total cost including 7 lightbulbs, stove and 3 cellphones will be more than R1 800. Use calculations to verify if the claim is correct.

(6)

(3)

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2.3.3 Mrs. Reddy claims that if the family uses the geyser for 2 hours a day for 30 days and use the back large plate and the front small plate of the stove, the electricity bill will decrease by R400. Verify her claim with calculations.

You may use the formula:

Total Cost = kWh (Rating) \times Hours \times Per unit charge.

(5) [45]

QUESTION 3

3.1 Musa is building a 4-roomed house for his parents. The house has reached roof level, he needs to buy tiles. Build-it has a special on roof tiles.



He needs a loan of R5 000 to buy the tiles. Two options are available to him.

- Option 1: ABC Bank can offer him a loan of R5 000 at 7,8% per annum, interest compounded yearly to be repaid over 24 months.
- Option 2: His friend can offer him a loan of R5 000 at 9.5% per annum simple interest to be paid back in full at the end of 2 years
- Manually calculate the total amount he will pay back to the bank at the end of 24 3.1.1 months for Option 1. (6)
- 3.1.2 Use your answer for 3.1.1 and total amount for Option 2 to help Musa choose the best option. (5)
- 3.1.3 The projected inflation rate for 2022 is 4,3%. Calculate what Musa should expect to pay for 1 700 double roman roof tiles in 2022 if one tile currently costs R6.29. (4)

NSC

The Khumalo family is relocating from Durban to Richards Bay. Mr. Khumalo saw 3.2 an advert for a house on sale in Aquadene on the internet.



R 780 000

3 Bedroom House



Aquadene

EXCLUSIVE MANDATE Well priced, perfect address, and spacious is this lovely property. This home consists of three bedrooms, two ...

□ 3 □ 2 □ 1 □ 287 m²



Source: [www.property24.com]

Banks use factor tables to calculate what the monthly repayment will be on the house loan. TABLE 3 given below is an extract of the loan factor table.

TABLE 3 – LOAN FACTOR TABLE FOR MORTAGE BONDS

	Years financed					
Annual Interest Rate	10 Years	20 Years	25 Years	30 Years		
7,0%	11,61	7,75	7,07	6,65		
7,5%	11,87	8,06	7,39	6,99		
8,0%	12,13	8,36	7,72	7,34		
8,5%	12,40	8,68	8,05	7,69		
9,0%	12,67	9,00	8,39	8,05		
9,5%	12,94	9,32	8,74	8,41		
10,0%	13,22	9,65	9,09	8,78		

Source: [www.sars.gov.za]

Use the information above to answer the questions that follow.

Mr. Khumalo's bank is willing to give him a loan of 110% of the value of the property 3.2.1 at 9.5% interest over a period of 25 years. Use TABLE 3 to calculate the monthly repayment of the loan.

You may use the formula:

(4)

Loan Amount ×Loan Factor Monthly Repayment = 1000

3.2.2 Calculate the real cost of the loan.

You may use the formula:

Real Cost of Loan = Monthly repayment \times Loan period in months.

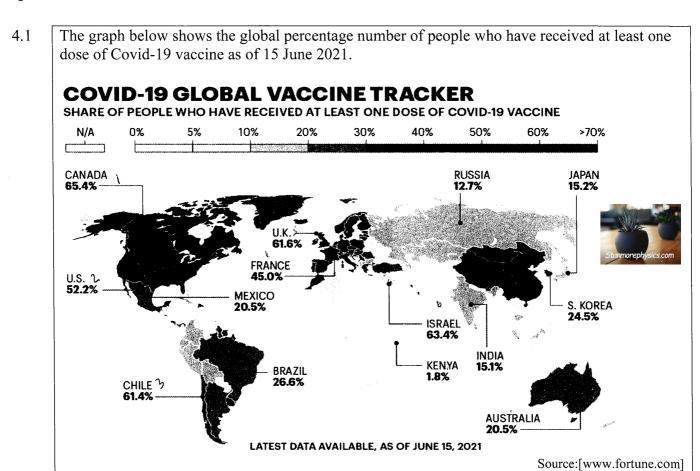
(2) Calculate the total interest on the loan.

3.2.3

(3)

[24]

QUESTION 4



Use the information above to answer the questions that follow.

- 4.1.1 Is the data above discrete or continuous? Give a reason for your answer. (2)
- 4.1.2 Write down the percentage of people in Kenya who have received one dose of vaccine. (2)
- 4.1.3 Japan has a population of **126 058 811**. Calculate the number of Japanese who have received the vaccine. (2)
- 4.1.4 What is the range of the percentage global vaccinations? (2)
- 4.1.5 Calculate the mean percentage of the global vaccinations. Round off your answer to one decimal place. (5)
- 4.1.6 Which measure of central tendency will best describe the given data above? Justify your choice. (2

)

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- 4.1.7 Give one disadvantage of the mean. (2)
- 4.1.8 If a country is chosen at random, what is the probability that its percentage of people who have received at least one dose of Covid-19 vaccine is less than the mean percentage you calculated in 4.1.5. Write your answer as a percentage rounded off to one decimal place.

 (3)
- 4.2 Travis and his friend always prefer pizza takeaway for lunch every Sunday. Their favorite is Debonairs pizza and fizzy drinks. Debonairs has 4 NEW pizza flavors and 3 cool drink flavors to choose from.

Pizza Flavors

- 1. Spicy Chicken (SC)
- 2. Sweet & Sour Rib (SSR)
- 3. Creamy Chicken (CC)
- 4. Seasonal Veg (SV)



Cool Drinks

- 1. Iron Brew (ib)
- 2. Coca Cola (cl)
- 3. Sprite (sp)







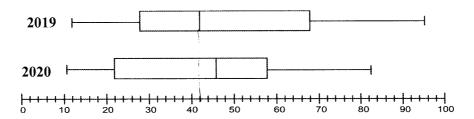
Use the information above to answer the questions that follow.

- 4.2.1 The incomplete tree diagram on Annexure D shows the combination of a pizza and a cool drink Travis and his friend can buy. Write down the missing parts (a) and (b). (2)
- 4.2.2 Use your tree diagram to find the probability of choosing Spicy Chicken with Iron Brew or Coca Cola. Write your answer as a fraction in its simplest form. (3)

[25]

QUESTION 5

The box-and-whisker plots below show the March Test Mathematical Literacy results for the 5.1 2019 and 2020 Maranatha High School Mathematical Literacy classes.



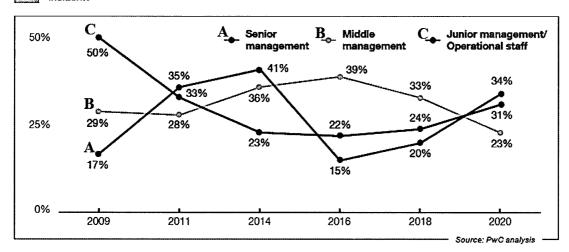
Use the diagram above to answer the questions that follow.

- 5.1.1 Write down the minimum and maximum marks for the 2019 class. (2)
- The class of 2019 had 120 Mathematical Literacy learners. Calculate the number of 5.1.2 learners who got a mark that was less than the Lower Quartile (Q_1) as well as the value (4)of Q_1 .
- Calculate the interquartile range (IQR) for the 2020 class marks. 5.1.3 You may use the formula: $IQR = Q_3 - Q_1$ (4)
- 5.1.4 Compare the two box-and-whisker-plots and decide on the class whose learners performed better in the March test. Justify your answer. (4)

5.2 Organised crime in work places is a common phenomenon in South Africa. The perpetrators are mostly managers at different levels. The graph below shows main perpetrators of internal fraud in work places.

Main perpetrators of internal fraud in South Africa

At what level within your organisation was the internal perpetrator of the most disruptive economic crime



- 5.2.1 What type of graph is used to display this data? (2)
- 5.2.2 Which year witnessed the same percentage level of internal fraud by managers in South Africa and what was the approximate level for that particular year? (2)
- 5.2.3 Describe the trend shown by the graph from 2016 to 2020. (4)
- It was stated that internal fraud led to losses that exceed \$100 million or R1,45 billion. 5.2.4 Use these values to find the rand / dollar exchange rate used in this statement. Write your answer in the form rounded to three decimal places.

(4) R1: \$..... [26]

> **TOTAL MARKS** 150

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NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1 PREPARATORY EXAMINATION ADDENDUM

SEPTEMBER 2021

This addendum consists of 5 pages with 4 annexures.

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ANNEXURE A

QUESTION 1.2

Tax invoice

Telkom

MR. EDDIE SCOTT 25 STEPHEN OFFER TERRACE ESHOWE 3815

Account no Invoice no Invoice date 337674956 A169941157 09 Mar 2021

VAT Inclusive

		VAI IIICIU	
Subscription & usage for 0354740301 Fixed Voice BB and			₹ 360
Subscription services			
Description	Period		
YourLine (NOT INCLUDED IN VAT CALCULATION)	09 Mar 21 - 08 Apr 21	R 210.00	
Subtotal		R 210.00	
Usage			
Туре	No of calls/usage		
National	4	R 3.32	
Special service/numbers	1	R 0.64	
Mobile	54	R 146.76	
Subtotal		R 150.72	
Subscription & usage for 0354740301_1 Fixed Voice BB and	dla de la companya d		₹ 166
Subscription services			
Description	Period		
DSL Fast	09 Mar 21 - 08 Apr 21	R 166.45	
Subtotal		R 166.45	
Subscription & usage for TIN2836849 TIAII Access Uncapp	ed		₹ 252
Subscription services			
Description	Period		
Home Uncapped (2 Mbps)	09 Mar 21 - 08 Apr 21	R 252.55	
Subtotal		R 252.55	
Total (Charges for Mar 2021)		F	₹ 779
VAT @ 15% included on taxable items		R	101.
PAYMENT DUE: 01 APRIL 2021	Source: Extracted from	om a Telkom Statem	ent

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ANNEXURE B

QUESTION 2.1

TFG ACCOUNT STATEMENT OF D NTULI

TFG

ACCOUNT STATEMENT



MR D NTULI P O BOX 38107 EMLALAZI 3894



STANLEY LEWIS CENTRE 340 VOORTREKKER ROAD PAROW EAST, CAPE TOWN 7500

DATE		REFERENCE	E	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT	1
	PAY	MENTS ON T	THIS STATEMENT		195,00	CR
6 M	THS REVOLVIN	G	OPEN	IING BALANCE	100,00	
14 JAN	FASHIC	N EXPRESS I	ESHOWE	PURCHASE	269,00	, <u></u>
14 JAN	FASHIC	N EXPRESS I	ESHOWE	PURCHASE	699,00	
25 JAN	HO DI	EBIT ORDER	STORE	DB ORDER PMT	30,00	CR
INSTALMEN	Т 175,00	DUE	175,00	CLOSING BALANCE	1 038,00	
12 N	THS REVOLVI	NG	OPEN	NING BALANCE	1 462,72	
25 JAN	HO DI	EBIT ORDER	STORE	DB ORDER PMT	165,00	CF
12 FEB				INTEREST	23,35	
INSTALMEN	Т 165,00	DUE	165,00	CLOSING BALANCE	1 321,07	

My current Credit allocation	What can I spend?	What is my instalment?	How much am I in arrears by?	What is my balance?
8 481,00	6 121,00	340,00	0,00	2 359,07
CURRENT	30 DAYS	60 DAYS	90 DAYS +	TOTAL DUE (BY 1 ^{8T})
340	0,00	0,00	0,00	340

[Adapted from a TFG account]

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ANNEXURE C

QUESTION 2.2

RATES OF TAX FOR INDIVIDUALS

2021 tax year (1 March 2020 - 28 February 2021)

Taxable income (R)	Rates of tax (R)
1 – 205 900	18% of taxable income
205 901 – 321 600	37 062 + 26% of taxable income above 205 900
321 601 – 445 100	67 144 + 31% of taxable income above 321 600
445 101 – 584 200	105 429 + 36% of taxable income above 445 100
584 201 – 744 800	155 505 + 39% of taxable income above 584 200
744 801 – 1 577 300	218 139 + 41% of taxable income above 744 800
1 577 301 and above	559 464 + 45% of taxable income above 1 577 300

Tax Rebates

Tax Rebate	Tax Year (2021)
Primary	R14 958
Secondary (65 and older)	R8 199
Tertiary (75 and older)	R2 736

Medical Tax Credits (MTC)

Main Member	R319 per month
First Dependent	R319 per month
Each Additional Dependent	R215 per month

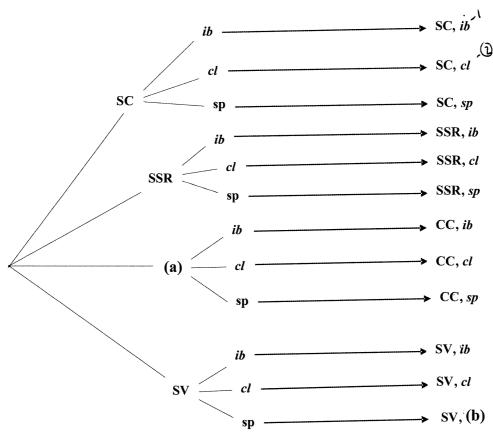
Source: [www.sars.go.za]

Mathematica Mathem

ANNEXURE D

QUESTION 4.2.1









NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1

PREPARATORY EXAMINATION

MARKING GUIDELINE

SEPTEMBER 2021

MARKS: 150

SYMBOL	EXPLANATION
M	Method
MA	Method with accuracy
CA	Consistent accuracy
A	Accuracy
С	Conversion
S	Simplification
RT/RG/RD/RM	Reading from a table/ graph/ diagram/map
SF	Correct substitution in a formula
О	Opinion/ reason/deduction/example/Explanation
J	Justification
R	Rounding off
F	deriving a formula
AO	Answer only full marks
P	Penalty e.g. for units, incorrect rounding off etc.
NPR	No penalty for rounding / units

This marking guideline consists of 10 pages.

Downloaded from Stanmor epity Sies. co Solution **Explanation** T & Ques L Compound bar graph√√A DH 1.1.1 2A correct answer L1 OR Multiple Bar graph✓✓A $1.1.\overline{2}$ 76.5%**√ ∨** RT 2RT reading from DH table L1 North West and Northern Cape ✓ ✓ RT 1RT for NW 1.1.3 DH 1RT for NC L1 (2) 1.1.4 2A answer DH 11 189; 10 984; 9 400; 9 392; 3 039; 1 784; 1 213; 1 057; 650 ✓ ✓ A L1 (2) 1.1.5 There is no relationship ✓ ✓ A 2A amount DH L1 (2) 1.2.1 F 337674956✓✓A 2A answer L1 (2) 1.2.2 01 April 2021 **OR** 01/04/2021 ✓ A 2A answer F L1 (2) 1.2.3 Value Added Tax✓✓A 2A answer F L1 R101,70✓✓RG 2RG correct reading F 1.2.4 L1 (2) The amount buyers will pay for the goods Xolani is selling $\checkmark \checkmark 0$ 2E explanation 1.3.1 F L1 1.3.2 R11.99✓✓A F 2A correct answer L1 (2) 1.3.3 Coke cans ✓ A 1A for Coke cans F 1A for Oil Sunola Oil Sunola ✓ A 1A for Lucky Star Lucky Star Fish ✓ A Fish L1 (3) Number of cans = $\frac{R92,99}{R15,49}$ 1.3.4 1M dividing F 1A simplification $= 6 \checkmark A$ AO L1 (2)

	Downloaded from Stanmor Marking Childelinem		
1.3.5	Total Cost Price = R524,99 + R204,99 + R204,99 + R204,99		F
	+R144,99 + R107,99 + R92,99 + R88,99	1A all correct	
	+R66,99✓A✓M	values	
	= R1 641,91 ✓ CA	1M adding	
		1CA answer	L1
		2 values left out	
		1 out of 3	
		(3)	
		[30]	

QUES	TION 2 [45 MARKS]		
2.1.1	R100✓✓RT	2RT correct reading	F
		(2)	L1
2.1.2	R6 121,00✓✓RT	2RT correct reading	F
(a)		(2)	L1
2.1.2	R6 121 − R8 481 ✓ MA	1MA subtracting correct	F
(b)	Percentage = $\frac{10121 \text{ M}}{\text{R8 481} \text{ / M}} \times 100\%$	values	
	$= -27.83\% \checkmark A$	1M dividing by R8 481	
	21,0070 11	1A answer	
	OR	OR	
	R8 481 − R6 121 ✓ MA	1SF for substitution	
	Percentage decrease = $R8481 \times R121 \times R12$	1M dividing by R8 481	
	= 27,83% ✓ A	1A answer	
	·	(3)	L2
2.1.3	✓RT ✓MA ✓MA	1RT for R1 462,72	F
	$R1\ 462,72 - R165,00 + R23,35 = R1\ 321,07$	1MA subtracting R165	
		1MA adding R23,35	
		(3)	L2
2.1.4	R23,35✓✓RT	2RT correct answer	F
		(2)	L1
2.2.1	Primary Rebate (R14 958) ✓ ✓ A	1A for Primary Rebate	F
		1A for R14 958	
		(2)	L1
2.2.2	Monthly Pension Contribution = 7,5% × R32 800 ✓ M	1M multiplying by 7,5%	F
	= R2 460√A	1A answer	
		(2)	L2
2.2.3	January taxable income	CA from 2.2.2	F
	$= 2(R32800) - R2460 + R7100 \checkmark M$	1M for R65 600 and	
	= R70 240 ✓ CA	adding R7 100	
		1M for subtracting 2 460	
		1CA answer	L2
		(3)	
2.2.4	Annual MTC = $12[2(R319) + 3(R215)]\checkmark MA$	1MA multiplying by 12	F
	= R15 396 ✓ CA	1CA answer	
		(2)	L2

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2.2.5	Annual taxable income excluding bonus.	CA from 2.2.2 and 2.2.4	
	Annual taxable income = $12(R39900 - R2460)$ M	1M multiplying by 12	F
	= R449 280 ✓ CA	1CA answer	
	Annual tax excluding bonus:		
	Tax = R105429 + 36%(R449280 - R445100) - R14958 -	1A correct tax rate	
	R15 396✓A✓M	1M subtracting rebate	
	= R76 579,80 ✓ CA	and MTC	
	Monthly tax = $R76579,80 \div 12\checkmark M$	1CA answer/accuracy	
	-	1M dividing by 12	
	= R6 381,65 ✓ CA	1CA answer/accuracy	1.2
226	m 1 1 1 1 DC 204 (F + D44 000 /CF	(7) CA from 2.2.5	L3 F
2.2.6	Tax deducted = $R6\ 381,65 + R11\ 808\checkmark SF$	1SF substitution	^r
	$= R18 189,65\checkmark CA$	1CA answer	
		(2)	L2
2.3.1	Number of bulbs = 7✓A	1A number of bulbs	F
2.3.1	Cost for lighting the house = $7 \times R31,41 \checkmark M$	1M multiplying by 7	1
	$= R219.87 \checkmark CA$	1CA answer	
	- R219,07 ⋅ GA	(3)	L2
2.3.2	7 bulbs : $R31,41 \times 7 = R219,87$	CA from 2.3.1	F
2.0.2	Stove : R141,35 + R52,35 + R188,46 + R31,41 ✓ M	1M adding stove cost	_
	= R413,57√A	1A simplifying	
	3 Cellphone chargers : $3 \times R2,05 = R6,15 \checkmark A$	1A simplifying	
	Total = R219,87 + R413,57 + R6,15 + R1 126,77 ✓ M	1M adding	
	= R1 766,36 ✓ CA	1CA answer/accuracy	
	Claim is invalid ✓ 0	1O opinion	
	Glaini is invaliu.	(6)	L4
2.3.3	Geyser: Charge = $2 \times 2 \times 30 \times R2,0940c \checkmark M$	1M multiplying by 2,094	F
	= R251,28 ✓ CA	1CA answer/accuracy	
	OR	OR	
	2 Cost — - × R628 20√M	1M multiplying by $\frac{2}{5}$	
	$Cost = \frac{2}{5} \times R628,20 \checkmark M$	1CA answer/accuracy	
	= R251,28 ✓ CA	- · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Ct D1412F + D2141 - D1525C /W		
	Stove: $R141,35 + R31,41 = R172,76 \checkmark M$	1M adding	
	$Total = R424,04\checkmark CA$	1CA total cost	
	Claim is NOT valid ✓ O	10 opinion	
		(5)	L4
		[45]	LT
		[40]	

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	TION 3 [28 MARKS]	1.1.	
3.1.1	First 12 months: Interest = $7.8\% \times R5\ 000,00\checkmark M$	1M multiplying by 7.8%	F
	= R390 ✓ A	1A simplifying	
	= R5000 + R390	1A answer (R5 390)	
	Amount = R5 390 ✓ CA	1MA multiplying by	
		R5 390	
	Last 12 months: Interest = 7.8% × R5 390 ✓ MA	1A simplifying	
	$= R420,42\checkmark A$	1CA answer	
	= R5390 + R420,42		L3
	$Amount = R5 810,42\checkmark CA$		
	·	OR	
	OR		
		2M multiplying by 1,078	
	First 12 months: Interest = $1.078 \times R5\ 000,00 \checkmark \checkmark M$	1CA answer (R5 390)	
	Amount = R5 390 ✓ CA	, ,	
		2MA multiplying by	
	Last 12 months: Interest = 1,078 × R5 390 ✓ ✓ MA	1,078	
	Amount = R5 810,42 \checkmark CA	1CA answer	
	Alliount – R3 010,42 * CA	(6)	
3.1.2	Oution 2 Interest Office Pf 000 /M	, ,	F
3.1.2	Option 2: Interest = $9.5\% \times R5\ 000 \checkmark M$	1M multiplying by 9,5%	Г
	= R475√A	1A simplifying	
	Total Amount = $R5\ 000 + 2(R475)\checkmark M$	1M multiplying by 2	
	= R5 950√A	1A answer	
		10 opinion	
	OR		L4
		OR	
	Option 2: $=R5000 + 2(R5000 \times 9,5\%) \checkmark M \checkmark A$		
	=R5950 √ A	1M multiplying by 9,5%	
		1M multiplying by 2	
	Option 1 is better ✓ 0	1A adding interest	
		1A answer	
		1O opinion	
		(5)	
3.1.3	Increase = $4.3\% \times R6.29 \times 1700 \checkmark M$	1M multiplying	F
	= R459,80√A	1A simplifying	
	✓M	1M multiplying by 1 700	
	Total to be paid: $R6,29 \times 1700 + R459,80 = R11152,80 \checkmark CA$	1CA answer	
	10th to be paid. No.27 × 1700 NT37,00 - N11 132,00 CA		
	OR	OR	
	OK ✓M		
		2M for 1,043	
	Total to be paid = $1,043 \times R6,29 \times 1700 \checkmark \checkmark M$	1M for multiplying by	
	= R11 152,80 ✓ A	1700	L2
		1A answer	L
		(4)	<u> </u>

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3.2.1	Downloaded from Stanmor ephlysics: com Loan Amount = 1,10 × R780 000 × M	1M multiplying	F
	= R858 000 ✓ A	1A simplifying	
	Monthly Repayment = $\frac{R858\ 000 \times 8,74}{\checkmark}$ SF	1SF substitution	
	Monthly Repayment = $1000000000000000000000000000000000000$		
	1 000	1CA answer	L2
	= R7 498,92 √ CA	(4)	
		` '	
3.2.2		CA from 3.2.1	F
	Loan Period = 300 months ✓ C	1C conversion	
	Real Cost of Loan = R7 498,92 \times (12 \times 25) \checkmark M	1M multiplying by 300	
	= R2 249 676√CA	1CA answer	L2
	1.2 2 17 0 1 0 G.1	(3)	
3.2.3		CA from 3.2.3	F
	Total interest = R2 249 676 − R858 000 ✓ M	1M subtraction	
	= R1 391 676 √ CA	1CA answer	
	- KI 571 070 · MI	(2)	L1
		[24]	

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QUES	TION 4 [25 MARKS]		
4.1.1	Discrete ✓ A	1A for discrete	DH
	Number of people is countable ✓ 0	10 for countable	
	• •	(2)	L4
4.1.2	1,8% ✓ ✓ RG	2RG answer	DH
		(2)	L1
4.1.3	15,2% × 126 058 811 ✓ M	1M multiplying	DH
	= 19 160 939 ✓ A	1A simplification	
		(2)	L2
4.1.4	Range = $65.4 - 1.8 \checkmark M$	1M concept of range	DH
	= 63,6% ✓ A	1A for answer	
		AO	L2
		(2)	
4.1.5	Mean	1A correct	DH
	65,4 + 52,2 + 61,4 + 61,6 + 45 + 20,5 + 26,6 + 12,7 + 63,4 +	percentages	
	$1.8 + 151 + 20.5 + 15.2 + 24.5 \checkmark A \checkmark M$	1M adding	
		1M dividing by 14	
	= 34,71 ✓ CA	1CA answer	L2
	≈ 34,7% √ R	1R for rounding off	
		(5)	
4.1.6	The median because the data entries are widely spread	2A/J answer with	DH
	and there is an outlier (1,8%) ✓ ✓ A/J	justification	
		(2)	
			L3
4.1.7	Negatively affected by outlier(s) $\checkmark \checkmark 0$	2O opinion	DH
		Accept any	L4
		reasonably answer	
		according to the	
		context (2)	

	Downloaded from Stanmor Warking Guidelinem		
4.1.8	Downloaded from Stanmorephysics.com 8 V CA 14 V A 100%	CA from 4.1.5	P
	14 × A 100 / 0	1CA for 8	
		1A for 14	
	= 57,1% ✓ R	1R rounding off to	L2
			12
		57,1%	
		(3)	
4.2.1	ib ───── SC, ib		P
	cl SC, cl		
	$SC \longrightarrow SC, sp$		
	ib ────────────────────────────────────		
	ssr, cl		
	$\begin{array}{c c} SSR & C \\ \hline sp & \longrightarrow SSR, sp \end{array}$		
	ib CC, ib		
	CC CC Cl CC		
	sp CC, sp	1A for CC	
		Trior ce	
	ib ───── SV, ib	1 A C	
	SV cl SV, cl	1A for sp	
	sp SV, <i>sp</i> ✓		
		(2)	L3
4.2.2	$\frac{2\checkmark A}{12\checkmark A} = \frac{1}{6}\checkmark S$	1A for numerator	P
	$\frac{12\sqrt{A}}{6} = \frac{7}{6}$	1A for denominator	
		1S simplifying	
		(3)	L2
		[25]	

	natical Literacy/P1 9	2021 Preparatory Examir	nation
OUES	Downloaded from Stanmore Physics: Com TION 5 [22 MARKS]		
5.1.1	Minimum = 12% ✓ RG Maximum = 96% ✓ RG	1RG for the minimum 1RG for the maximum	DH
5.1.2	Lower Quartile Mark = $28\% \checkmark RG$ $120 \checkmark A$	1RGfor Lower Quartile	DH
	Number of learners = $\frac{1}{4 \checkmark M}$ = 30 \leftrightarrow CA	1A for 120 1M for dividing by 4 1CA for the answer	
	OR	OR	
	Lower Quartile Mark = $28\% \checkmark RG$ Number of learners = 25% of $120\checkmark A$ = $\frac{25}{100} \times 120\checkmark M$ = $30\checkmark CA$	1RG for Lower Quartile 1A for 25% of 120 1M for method 1CA for the answer	
	OR	OR	
	Lower Quartile Mark = 28% ✓ RG Number of learners = 0,25 × 120 ✓ ✓ M = 30 ✓ CA	1RGfor Lower Quartile 1M for 0,25 1M for multiplying 1CA for the answer (4)	L3
5.1.3	Lower Quartile = 22% ✓ RG Upper Quartile = 58% ✓ RG IQR = 58% - 22% ✓ SF = 36% ✓ CA	1RG for Lower Quartile 1RG for Upper Quartile 1SF substitution 1CA for	DH L3
		answer/accuracy (4)	
5.1.4	2019 Class ✓A Higher maximum mark ✓ 0 Higher Lower Quartile ✓ 0 Higher Upper Quartile ✓ 0	1A for the class 1O maximum mark 1O for Lower Quartile 1O for Upper Quartile	DH
5.2.1	Broken line graph✓✓A	2A answer	DH
5.2.2	2019 ✓ RG, 25% ✓ RG	1RG year 1RG percentage level (2)	L1 DH L2

5.2.3 Downloaded from Stanmor	2O describing the trend for middle managers 2O describing the trend for senior managers (4)	DH L4 F
R1 450 000 000 : \$100 000 000 ✓ A	values	
R1: $\frac{100\ 000\ 000}{1\ 450\ 000\ 000} \checkmark M$	1M dividing 1CA simplification	
R1: \$0,06896✓CA R1: \$0,069 ✓R	1R correct rounding	
OR R1,45 billion: \$100 million	OR	
R1 450 million: \$100 million \checkmark A R1: $\frac{100 \text{ million}}{1450 \text{ million}} \checkmark \text{M}$	1A converting value	
R1: \$0,06896 ✓CA	1M dividing	
R 1: \$0,069 ✓R	1CA simplification 1R correct rounding	L3
	(4)	
	[26] TOTAL: 150 MARKS	