



Province of the
EASTERN CAPE
EDUCATION

**NATIONAL
SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

GRADE 12

JUNE 2021

**MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1
(EXEMPLAR)**

MARKS: 100

TIME: 2 hours

This question paper consists of 10 pages, including an answer sheet.

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

1. This question paper consists of FIVE questions. Answer ALL the questions.
2. 2.1 Use the ANSWER SHEET to answer QUESTION 2.1 3.
2.2 Write your NAME and GRADE in the spaces provided on the ANSWER SHEET FOR QUESTION 2.1.3
Hand in the ANSWER SHEET with your ANSWER BOOK.
3. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
4. Diagrams are not necessarily drawn to scale, unless stated otherwise.
5. Round off ALL final answers according to the context used, unless stated otherwise.
6. Indicate units of measurement, where applicable.
7. Start EACH question on a NEW page.
8. Show ALL calculations clearly.
9. Write neatly and legibly.

QUESTION 1

- 1.1 TABLE 1 below shows some facts relating to Joy who sells sweets at school during break and lunch times.

TABLE 1: JOY'S SALES

50 sweets per packet	2 packets sold daily
Cost of one sweet	R0,70 VAT inclusive
Selling price of one sweet	R1,00 VAT inclusive
Profit on one sweet	R0,30

Use the above information and Value Added Tax (VAT) at 15% to answer the questions that follow.

- 1.1.1 Explain the meaning of VAT inclusive price. (2)
- 1.1.2 Calculate the percentage profit Joy makes on ONE sweet. (2)
- 1.1.3 Calculate Joy's daily profit from her sales. (2)

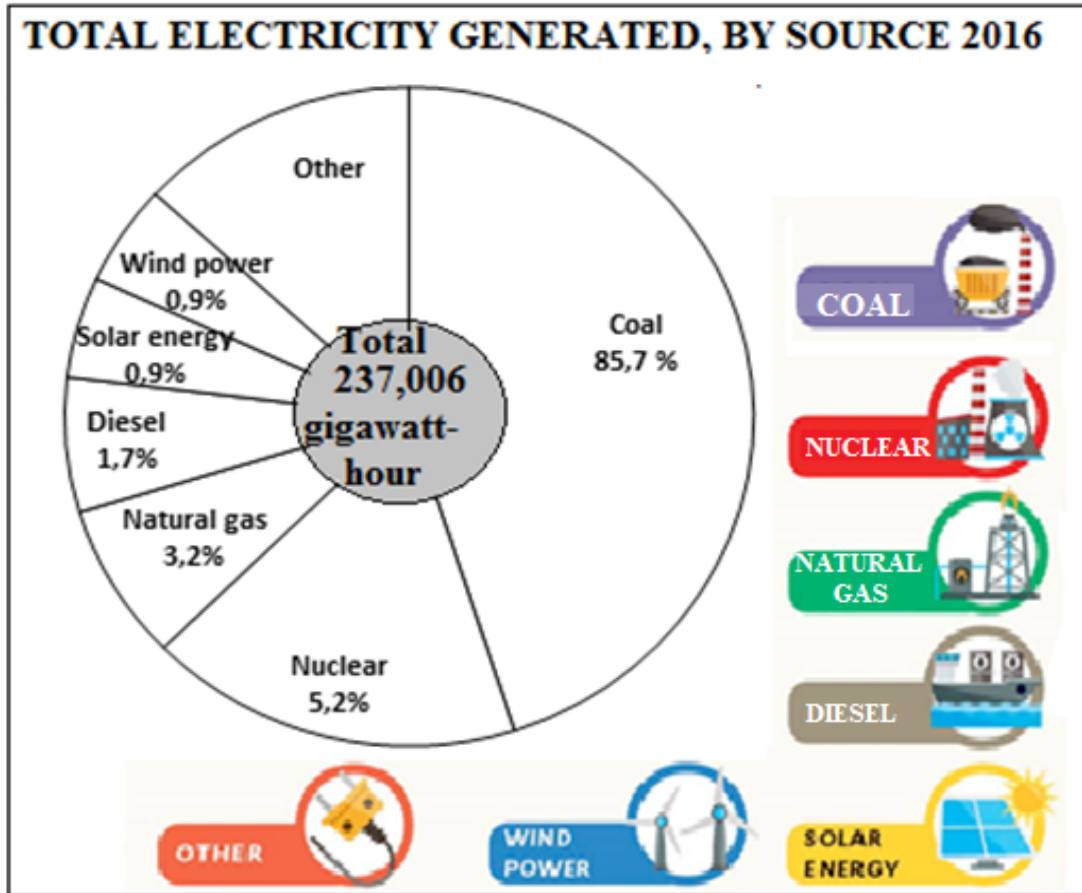
- 1.2 The electricity tariffs in the municipality area where Jane lives is charged according to usage on a sliding scale indicated by BLOCKS in the table below.

Block number and kWh	Price (cent/kWh) All prices include VAT at 15%.
BLOCK 1: (≤ 50 kWh)	96,61
BLOCK 2: (>50 kWh- ≤ 400 kWh)	125,21
BLOCK 3: (>400 kWh- ≤ 600 kWh)	206,56
BLOCK 4: (>600 kWh)	354,85

- 1.2.1 Calculate the rate (in Rands) that Jane paid for the first 50 kWh she used in May 2021. (2)
- 1.2.2 Determine the total amount that Jane paid for the first 50 kWh used. (2)
- 1.2.3 Determine the maximum number of kWh to be paid for in the second block. (2)

- 1.3 Electricity generated by different sources in South Africa in 2016 are shown in the pie chart below.

PIE CHART SHOWING ELECTRICITY GENERATED BY DIFFERENT SOURCES IN SOUTH AFRICA IN 2016:



[Source: Old Mutual Wealth & Investments, STATS SA. 2016]

1000 000 Kilo Watt hour (KWh) = 1 Gigawatt hour (GWh)

Use the above information to answer the questions that follow.

- 1.3.1 Calculate the percentage of electricity generated from other sources. (2)
- 1.3.2 Determine the Gigawatt hour (GWh) generated from natural gas. (2)
- 1.3.3 Express the ratio of the energy generated from nuclear to diesel. (2)
- 1.3.4 Convert the total Gigawatt hour generated by all sources in 2016 into KWh. (3)

[21]

QUESTION 2

- 2.1 Funda SSS is to select an option to use for photocopying and printing of monthly tests for learners in various grades.

The available options are:

OPTION S: R2,00 per copy

OPTION M: Rent a photocopier at R500 and print at school per copy R0,50

OPTION XL: Use an agency that charges R200 for administration fee plus R1,50 per copy

The following table shows some of the values for making copies using the above options:

TABLE 3: COST OF PRINTING OPTIONS

No of copies	0	100	200	300	700
Cost of Option S (in Rands)	0	200	400	600	1400
Cost of Option M (in Rands)	500	550	600	650	850
Cost of Option XL (in Rands)	200	350	500	650	1050

Use the above information to answer the following questions.

- 2.1.1 Name the independent variable in TABLE 3. (2)
- 2.1.2 Graphs to represent the relationship between the copies printed and the total cost of **Option S** and **Option XL** are drawn. On the same system of axes sketch the graph representing copies and total cost for **Option M**. (3)
- 2.1.3 Use the graph to determine the number of copies at break-even point for **Options S** and **XL**. (2)
- 2.1.4 Use the graph to determine the difference in cost of printing 600 copies between **Option S** and **Option M**. (3)

- 2.2 The financial statement for the years ending June 2018 and June 2019 for MATC municipality is shown TABLE 4 below. The statement shows some of the departments.

TABLE 4: STATEMENT FOR YEARS ENDING JUNE 2018 AND JUNE 2019 FOR MATC MUNICIPALITY

Departments	2018		2019		
	Income in Rands	Expenditure in Rands	Income in Rands	Expenditure in Rands	Surplus OR Deficit in Rands
Public Works	6 403 835	7 044 218	6 985 561	8 382 673	(1 397 112)
Statistics	2 461 729	3 200 247	2 177 786	1 959 750	(2 118 036)
Education	21 476 614	21 519 059	22 993 225	24 765 440	(1 772 215)
Agriculture	49 137 536	50 342 890	52 307 560	51 200 460	1 107 100
Health	38 496 020	39 785 320	42 645 344	63 960 168	(21 314 824)
Energy	7 512 788	---	8 145 563	8 145 975	(412)

Use the information in TABLE 4 to answer the following questions.

- 2.2.1 The expenditure for the year 2018 is 368 182 more than 2018 income. Calculate the percentage difference (rounded off to the nearest whole percentage) in the expenditure of Department of Energy from 2018 to 2019.

Use the following formula:

$$\% \text{ difference} = \frac{\text{expenditure 2019} - \text{expenditure 2018}}{\text{expenditure 2018}} \times 100\% \quad (5)$$

- 2.2.2 Determine the projected income in 2020 from Department of Public Works if it is expected to increase by 18,5% based on 2019 income. (4)

- 2.2.3 Calculate the probability (expressed as a simplified fraction) of randomly selecting a department that had income less than 25 million in 2018. (3)

- 2.3 Mr John is to deposit R5 000 in his bank account.

Service fees for deposits are calculated as follows:

Cash deposit: At ATM: R4,80 +1,20% of the value.

At a branch: R8,00 +1,50% of the value.

John claims that the difference of depositing R5 000 at an ATM and at a branch is R18,20. Verify this statement. (5)

[27]

QUESTION 3

Study the information on the number of special needs schools and number of designated full-service schools from the 9 provinces, and answer the questions that follow.

PROVINCE	NUMBER OF SPECIAL NEEDS SCHOOLS	NUMBER OF DESIGNATED FULL-SERVICE SCHOOLS
Eastern Cape	43	30
Free State	21	175
Gauteng	149	19
KwaZulu -Natal	72	E
Limpopo	34	17
Mpumalanga	20	140
North West	32	182
Northern Cape	11	12
Western Cape	83	40
TOTAL		675

[Adapted from www.iol.co.za]

- 3.1 Write down the total number of special needs schools in South Africa. (2)
- 3.2 Arrange the number of special needs schools in descending order. (2)
- 3.3 Write down the simplified ratio of the number of special schools in Mpumalanga with the number of designated full-service schools in Western Cape. (3)
- 3.4 Calculate the value of **E**, the number of designated full-service schools in KwaZulu-Natal. (2)
- 3.5 Express the total number of schools in North West as a percentage of total number of schools in South Africa. (4)
- 3.6 Determine the province that lies in the median position of the special needs school. (2)

[15]

QUESTION 4

The data for the number of learners at Vula High School in 2018, is represented in the table below. Some of the values have been omitted.

TABLE 5: NUMBER OF LEARNERS AT VULA HIGH SCHOOL

Grades	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Females	121	103	76	B	42	406
Males	A	95	78	59	33	...
Total	222	...	154	123	75	C

- 4.1 Calculate the missing values **A**, **B** and **C** respectively, that are represented in the TABLE 5. (5)
- 4.2 Describe the trend in the number of male learners from Grade 8 to Grade 12 and give a possible reason for your answer. (4)
- 4.3 In this school, the teacher-learner ratio is 1 : 35. The SGB (School Governing Body) claims that the school is supposed to have 21 teachers. Verify, with the necessary calculations, whether their claim is valid or not. (4)
- 4.4 Determine the probability as a percentage of randomly selecting a female learner in this school that is either in Grade 8 or Grade 9. (3)
- 4.5 The school is a No Fee school where the learners receive one meal per day.

NOTE:

- The government is paying R3,18 per learner per day for nutrition
- Term 1 has 51 days
- Term 2 is 5 days shorter than term 1

The school principal claims that if the number of learners in 2019 increase by 3% more than what they were in 2018, the total school nutrition amount for term 1 and term 2 will be more than R245 000. Verify, with the necessary calculations, whether the principal's claim is valid or not.

(7)
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QUESTION 5

5.1 Inako, is a 63-year-old educator at Vula High School. She earns R43 500 a month. She contributes 7,5 % of her gross salary towards her pension fund every month. She has a medical aid and has also medical cover for the following people:

- Her 83-year-old mother, Nondwe
- Her 65-year-old husband, Ngqika
- Two grandchildren, Alakhe and Ukuye

Taxable income (R)	Rates of tax (R)
1 – 216 200	18% of taxable income
216 201 – 337 800	38 916 + 26% of taxable income above 216 200
337 801 – 467 500	70 532 + 31% of taxable income above 337 800
467 501 – 613 600	110 739 + 36% of taxable income above 467 500
613 601 – 782 200	163 335 + 39% of taxable income 613 600
782 201 – 1 656 600	229 089 + 41% of taxable income above 782 200
1 656 601 and above	587 593 + 45% of taxable income above 1 656 600

REBATES	
AGE	TAX YEAR – 2022
Primary – less than 65	R15 714
65 and older	R8 613
75 and older	R2 871

Medical Tax Credit	Tax Year – 2022
Taxpayer	R332
First Dependent	R332
Each Additional Dependent	R224

[Source: www.sars.gov.za]

5.1.1 Calculate Inako's annual income. (2)

5.1.2 Inako calculated her monthly tax and said she will contribute R1 790. Verify this statement. (6)

5.2 Mathematical Literacy P1 of the Trial Examination in 2020 was marked out of 150 marks. Learners in a grade 12B class scored the marks listed below.

101; 107; 121; 98; 100; 114; 103; 101; 110; 105; 102; 99; 95; 111; 115

Use the above information to answer the questions that follow.

5.2.1 Determine the median. (2)

5.2.2 Calculate the interquartile range (IQR). (5)
[15]

TOTAL: 100

ANSWER SHEET: QUESTION 2.1.3

NAME OF LEARNER: _____

GRADE 12: _____

